## PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

# BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON

### THREE NEW RODENTS FROM COLORADO.

#### BY C. HART MERRIAM.

Merritt Cary, while engaged in a biological survey of Colorado for the U. S. Biological Survey, collected several undescribed species and subspecies of mammals. Three of these—a small chipmunk and a gopher from San Luis Valley and a woodrat from the juniper foothills of the southeastern corner of the State—are here described. The chipmunk I am naming for Merritt Cary; the woodrat for Edward R. Warren, author of an important annotated list of the Mammals of Colorado and first collector of the present form.

# Eutamias minimus caryi subsp. nov.

Type from Medano Ranch, gan Luis Valley, Colorado. No. 150,740 U. S. National Museum, Biological Survey Collection. ♂ yg. ad. Collected October 24, 1907, by Merritt Cary. Original No. 1176.

Characters.—Similar to minimus but paler and grayer. In fall pelage (late October) pale gray, most marked on neck and rump, and almost as clear on inner pair of light stripes; onter pair of white stripes purer white than in minimus; pale face stripes whitish in striking contrast with the alternating dark stripes.

Measurements.—Type: Total length, 194; tail vertebrae, 87; hind foot, 30. Average of 10 specimens from type locality: Total length, 194; tail vertebrae, 89; hind foot, 30.2.

## Neotoma albigula warreni subsp. nov.

Type from Gaumes Ranch, northwest corner of Baca County, Colorado (alt. 4600 ft.). No. 151,051 U. S. National Museum, Biological Survey Collection.  $\sigma$  ad. Collected November 28, 1907, by Merritt Cary.

Characters.—Color gray, as in the widely different N. micropus, instead of buffy ochraceous as in albigula, to which it is most closely related; cheeks gray (in albigula strongly buffy or yellowish ochraceous); tail

black above and sharply bicolor as in albigula; feet white as in albigula. Skull peculiar.

Cranial characters.—Skull, compared with albigula, shorter and broader; rostrum much more swollen laterally; nasals broader and more squarely truncate anteriorly, longer (along median line) than frontal (in albigula subequal with frontal); frontal shorter; frontomaxillary suture (at anterior root of zygoma) straight (in albigula angular); zygomata heavier and somewhat more spreading; bulke smaller and more rounded; molars heavier (broader).

Measurements.—Type specimen, male: Total length, 324; tail vertebræ, 137; hind foot, 36. An adult female from type locality: Total length, 330; tail, 146; hind foot, 34.

### Thomomys talpoides agrestis subsp. nov.

Type from Medano Ranch, San Luis Valley, Colorado. No. 150,725 U. S. National Museum, Biological Survey Collection. ♀ ad. Collected October 29, 1907, by Merritt Cary. Original No. 1205.

Characters.—Size and general characters much as in talpoides but color very different—pale drab as in ocius instead of dark brown as in talpoides; skull also different.

Color.—Upperparts uniform drab, sometimes with a pale reddish (dull ochraceous) cast on top of head and neck; ear spots conspicuously dusky; underparts soiled whitish, the plumbeous underfur showing through.

Cranial characters.—Skull similar to that of talpoides but averaging longer and narrower; zygomata less spreading; nasals less regular, less truncate posteriorly, less straight on outer side—tending to spread outward on posterior third; premaxillæ longer and broader posteriorly; maxillary root of zygomata longer and broader and swollen to articulation with jugal so that the jugal part of arch is abruptly and conspicuously narrower; bullæ slightly more swollen.

Measurements.—Type: Total length, 220; tail vertebrae, 57; hind foot, 30. Average of 4 females from type locality: Total length, 212; tail vertebrae, 55; hind foot, 29.